

Example 3





4326 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA - Gulf of Mexico - Mississippi - Approaches to Pascagoula Harbor - Mississippi Sound - Upper Pascagoula Channel Westwards - Beacons. Light-beacons.

Light List Vol. 1, 2003/04, 3567.6, 3567.64

Source: US Notice 36:11375/04

(*HH.615-455-10 e39*).

Chart 3841 [*previous update 3048 04*] NAD83 DATUM

Substitute	 '2' for  FL.R.2-5s17ft '2'	30° 18' 26N., 88° 32' 86W.
	 '4' for  FL.R.2-5s17ft '4'	30° 18' 48N., 88° 32' 56W.

Notes

In this example, one feature replaces another. Neatly draw the new symbol in a clear area close to the superseded one. Draw an arrow from the new symbol to its correct location. An arrow should not be more than 25mm long. Then delete the superseded symbol by neatly striking through.

Example 4


4306 MEXICO - Caribbean Sea Coast - Bay of Campeche - Dos Bocas Terminal - Light. Breakwater. Buoy.

Light List Vol. J, 2003/04, 4352.5

Source: Mexican Light List 2001

(*HH.622-410-08 e12*).

Chart 2626 [*previous update New Edition 24 04 2003*] UNDETERMINED DATUM

Insert	★ FL.G.5s7m7M PA	(a) 18° 27' 85N., 93° 13' 40W.
	breakwater, single firm line, joining:	18° 26' 60N., 93° 10' 98W. (shore)
		18° 27' 15N., 93° 10' 98W.
		(a) above
Delete	 Q, close SE of:	(a) above

Notes

Lights must always be drawn in the correct position, not arrowed in. Light descriptions should always be as close to the light star as possible, but care must be taken to make sure they do not obscure other important existing information. Follow the instructions in the text and draw the light first and its flare. Then draw the breakwater joining the light to the shore. Although this is a single line, it should be drawn fairly heavily so that the breakwater stands out. Once the new information is in, neatly cross through the deleted buoy, not forgetting its light description and the colour "RW" beneath.

LEFT BELOW CENTRE

